ASTRD 3D

Abstract

We present a model for emission line galaxy properties at high redshifts. We adopt a SFRD model proposed by Wyithe and Loeb (2012). The model accounts for major mergers and SN feedback effect on star formation. We calculate various physical properties within disc galaxies. We also incorporate the impact of turbulence on galactic disc which influence the physical properties. We use the model to calculator [OIII]5007 line luminosity and predicted flux ratio log([OIII]/Hb) and [OIII] luminosity function for JWST FRESCO survey.

Introduction and method

- Emission lines originating from ELGs provide essential important about various aspects of galaxies like SFR, chemical enrichment, ionization parameter etc.
- High-z ELGs are significantly different from local one in terms of active star formation, mergers, metallicities and even morphology.
- We used a SFRD model originally proposed by Wyithe and Loeb 2012 in order to estimate properties of ELGs. The galactic disc considers three main assumptions:

Vertically supported by hydrostatic equilibrium assuming gas at 10⁴ K.

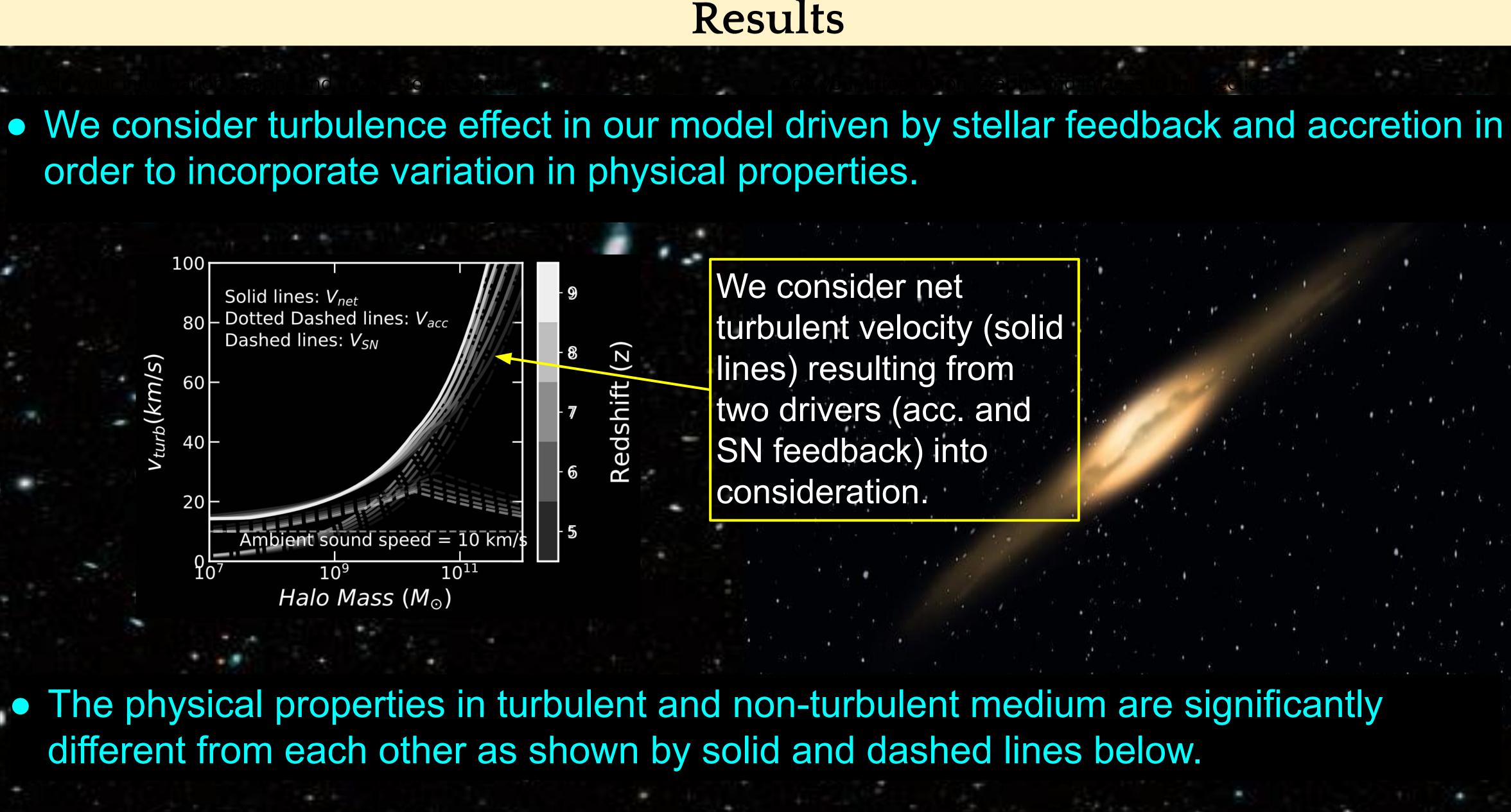
Disc undergoes major mergers which triggers the star formation.

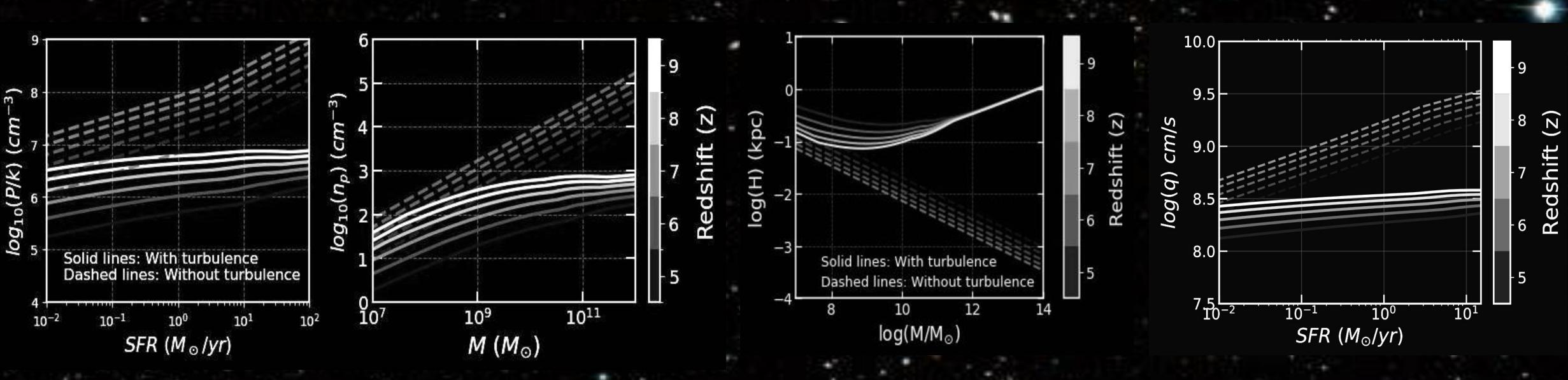
SNe feedback alters the star formation efficiency in low mass galaxies.

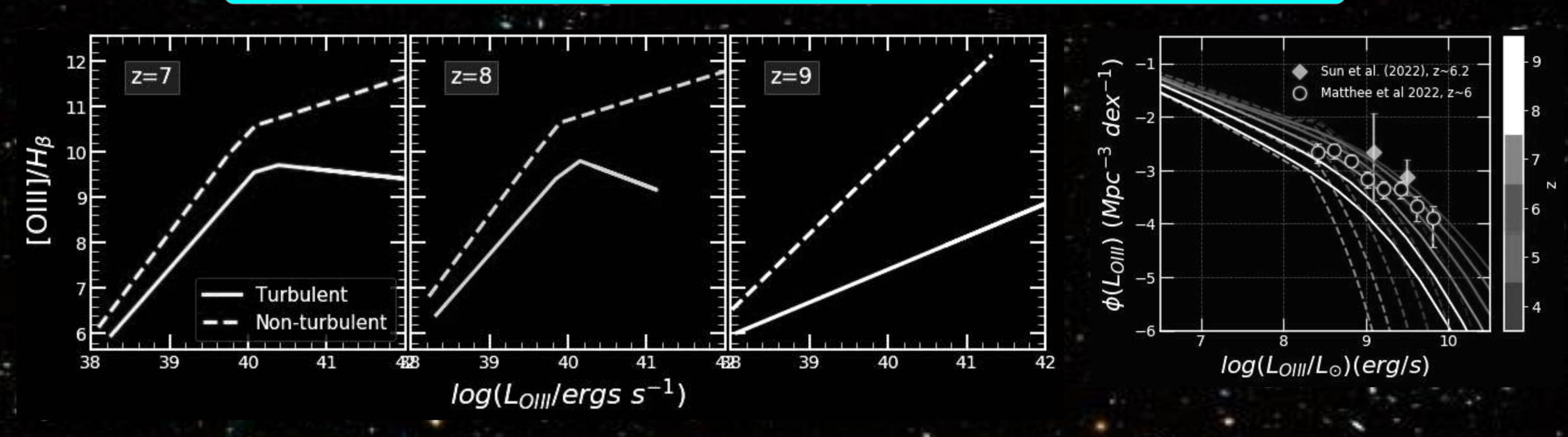
Emission line galaxy properties at high redshifts

Aadarsh Pathak^{1,3}, Stuart Wyithe^{2,3}, Ralph Suttherland³

¹School of Physics, University of Melbourne, Australia ² ARC Centre of Excellence for All Sky Astrophysics in 3 Dimensions (ASTRO 3D) ³ RSAA, Mount Stromlo Observatory, ANU, Australia







We consider net turbulent velocity (solid lines) resulting from two drivers (acc. and SN feedback) into consideration.

Flux ratio and luminosity function prediction for FRESCO survey



Email: aadarshp@student.unimelb.edu.au

Discussion

Physical properties like number density, ionization parameter, pressure etc., show an evolution with redshift.

- These high-z galaxies are strongly influenced by turbulence within disc.
- We predict [OIII]/Hb flux ratio from Mappings 5.2v and is sensitive to galaxy properties like ionization parameter, metallicity, pressure, etc.

We calculate [OIII] luminosity function and it's in good aggrement with JWST findings.

Conclusion

We follow a complete analytic approach to interpret properties of emission line galaxies at high redshifts for JWST FRESCO survey.

We derive physical properties of galactic disc and how they differ in turbulent and no-turbulent medium.

We further extend the model to evaluate line luminosities of [OIII]5007 line and predicted the line ratio (OIII/H_e) and corresponding LF.

References

- 1.) Wyithe and Loeb(2013)
- 2.) Oesch et al.(2023){2023arXiv2304020260}
- 3.) Sutherland and Dopita 2017